THE SOUTH
CAROLINA GAZETTE.
[VOL. XXXIII.] [NUMB. 1673]
From *Monday* OCTOBER 12, to *Monday* OCTOBER 19, 1767.

New Advertisements.

Twenty-five POUNDS reward.

RAN away on the 28th of laſt month, from the ſchooner Georgia Packet, James Fitzſimmons maſter, a negro fellow named ABRAHAM; formerly the property of William Sanders, of this town, but now of Joſiah Tatnall, Eſq; of Georgia. He is about 34 years of age, five feet ſeven inches high, ſpeaks very good Engliſh has very white teeth, a beard remarkably thick, and for ſome miſdemeanor has been branded on the right cheek with the letter S.—He had on when he went away, a good blue cloth coat, with flat metal buttons, and other cloaths ſuitable. He is very artful and plauſible, and has in ſome former elopements pretended to be free; for proof whereof, he has produced a falſe certificate, drawn up by ſome evil diſpoſed perſon, by which he has impoſed on ſeveral people, who have employed him in the way of his trade, which is that of a bricklayer and plaiſterer, particularly one Capt. Ladſon, of Aſhley river, with whom he ſtayed a conſiderable time, and is well known thereabouts. As he has ſeveral relations in town, they, as well as others, are hereby cautioned from harbouring him, and the above reward will be paid to whoever ſhall deliver him to the warden of the work-houſe; or any perſon giving information where he may be concealed, ſo that the offender can be convicted, ſhall be amply ſatisfied, by

Oct. 15, 1767. [6] JOHN CHAPMAN.

By his Majeſty's Royal letters patent,

THE famous new invented STOMACH PILLS, prepared by James Speediman, Eſq; of London, are by particular appointment of the proprietor, ſold by the ſubſcriber, at his ſtore in Broad-ſtreet, next door to Mr. Lockwood's, watchmaker.——I ſhall only ſay of theſe pills that they are a ſovereign remedy for the Dry Belly Ach, for all pains and ſickneſſes in the ſtomach, &c. and but having brought a few boxes of them with me laſt year, to this province, upon trial they proved ſo beneficial to ſundry perſons who uſed them, that frequent ſolicitations were made to me, to ſend for more; this is undoubtedly a demonſtrable proof of their goodneſs, which ſeveral people are ready to atteſt.

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

N. B. There are printed directions given with the pills how to uſe them, ſigned by the proprietor's own hand.

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered the firſt of November,

THE front ſtore in Broad ſtreet, with very commodious back ſtores and cellar, ſituate between Meſſrs. Thomas & Roger Smith, and Mr. Thomas Walter, occupied at preſent by Mr. James M'Call.—Enquire of

[tf.] ISAAC MOTTE.

A Few pipes of Madera wine, good Jamaica, and old New York rum, a parcel of ſmall anchors, and a ſmall quantity of bar iron, to be ſold very cheap, by

[6 w.] BRAILSFORD & CHAPMAN.

TO BE SOLD, at public vendue,

On Wedneſday the 11th of November, at Neilſon's ferry,

ALL the eſtate of Samuel Neilſon, deceaſed, conſiſting of ſome valuable ſlaves, horſes, cattle, ſheep, houſhold furniture, &c. All ſums under 30 pounds to be caſh, and for all above credit will be given to the firſt of November following, paying intereſt and giving approved ſecurity. The property not to be altered till the terms are complied with.—All perſons indebted to ſaid eſtate are advertiſed, for the laſt time, that if their reſpective debts are not diſcharged by the ſaid day, they will be put in ſuit, and it is deſired that all perſons who have any demands will deliver them in properly atteſted, by the ſaid day, to

JARED NEILSON, *Adminiſtrator.*

St. Paul's Pariſh, Beach-Hill, Oct. 9, 1767.

INFORMATION is made unto me of an iron grey gelding, thirteen hands high, which ſtrayed into the plantation of major Samuel Elliott, at Cane Acres. He is branded on the mounting ſhoulder with a flower de luce and O underneath joining, on the near buttock thus *MAN* in one, and on the off buttock *MJ*, likewiſe joining. The owner muſt prove his property before

ANDREW LEITCH, *J. P.*

TO BE SOLD, or hired out by the month, or year,

A Negro man, named SAM, formerly governor Glen's coachman. He is a ſenſible handy fellow, and underſtands tending horſes. Apply to BENJ. SMITH.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Doctor William Pillans, deceaſed, by bond, note, or book debt, are deſired to make payment on or before the firſt day of January next, and all thoſe who have any demands againſt the ſaid eſtate are likewiſe deſired, by that time, to give in their accompts properly atteſted, to

ISAAC HAYNE,
JOHN SIMPSON,
ROB. MACKENZIE, jun. } *Executors.*

CHARACTER of the FRENCH. from Lady Mary Wortley Montague's Letters.

I HAVE been running about Paris at a ſtrange rate with my ſiſter, and ſtrange ſights have we ſeen. They are, at leaſt, ſtrange ſights to me; for after having been accuſtomed to the gravity of Turks, I can ſcarcely look with an eaſy and familiar aſpect at the levity and agility of the airy phantoms that are dancing about me here; and I often think that I am at a puppet-ſhew amidſt the repreſentation of real life. I ſtare prodigiouſly, but nobody remarks it, for every body ſtares here; ſtaring is a-la mode: there is a ſtare of attention and *interet*, a ſtare of curioſity, a ſtare of expectation, a ſtare of ſurprize, and it would greatly amuſe you to ſee what trifling objects excite all this ſtaring. This ſtaring would have rather a ſolemn kind of air, were it not alleviated by grinning, for at the end of a ſtare there comes always a grin; and very commonly, the entrance of a gentleman or lady into a room is accompanied with a grin, which is deſigned to expreſs complaiſance and ſocial pleaſure, but realy ſhews nothing more than a certain contortion of muſcles, that muſt make a ſtranger laugh really, as they laugh artificially. The French grin is equally remote from the chearful ſerenity of a ſmile, and the cordial mirth of an honeſt Engliſh horſe-laugh. I ſhall not perhaps ſtay here long enough to form a juſt idea of French manners and characters, though this I believe would require but little ſtudy, as there is no great depth in either. It appears, on a ſuperficial view, to be a frivolous, reſtleſs and agreeable people. The Abbot is my guide, and I could not eaſily light upon a better; he tells me, that here the women form the character of the men, and I am convinced in the perſuaſion of this by every company into which I enter. There ſeems to be no intermediate ſtate between infancy and manhood; for as ſoon as the boy has quitted his leading-ſtrings, he is ſet a-gog in the world: the ladies are his tutors; they make the firſt impreſſions, which generally remain; and they render the men ridiculous by the imitation of their humours and graces, ſo that dignity in manners is a rare thing here before the age of ſixty. Does not king David ſomewhere ſay, "Man walketh "in a vain ſhew?" I think he does; and I am ſure that is peculiarly true of the Frenchman; but he walks merrily, and ſeems to enjoy the viſion; and may he not therefore be eſteemed more happy than many of our ſolid thinkers, whoſe brows are furrowed by deep reflection and whoſe wiſdom is ſo often cloathed with a miſty mantle of ſpleen and vapours? There is here an exceſſive prodigality in ornaments and decorations, that is juſt the oppoſite extreme to what appears in our royal gardens; this prodigality is owing to the levity and inconſtancy of the French taſte, which always pants for ſomething new, and thus heaps ornament on ornament without end or meaſure.

Anecdote of Malcolm III. *king of Scotland, from Lord Lyttelton's life of Henry* II. *lately publiſhed, which the noble hiſtorian mentions as unqueſtionably authentic.*

HAVING received an information, that one of his nobles had conceived a deſign againſt his life, he enjoined the ſtricteſt ſilence to the informer, and took no notice of it himſelf, till the perſon accuſed of this execrable treaſon came to his court, in order to execute his intention. The next morning he went to hunt, with all the train of his courtiers, and, when they were got into the deepeſt woods of the foreſt, drew that nobleman away from the reſt of the company, and ſpoke to him thus: 'Behold! we are here 'alone, armed and mounted alike. Nobody ſees or hears us, or can either of us give 'aid againſt the other. If then you are a 'brave man, if you have courage and ſpirit, 'perform your purpoſe; accompliſh the pro'miſe you have made to my enemies. If 'you think I ought to be killed by you, 'when can you do it better? when more 'opportunely? when more manfully?—— 'Have you prepared poiſon for me? that is 'a womaniſh treaſon.—Or would you mur'der me in my bed? an adultereſs could do 'that.—Or have you hid a dagger to ſtab 'me ſecretly? that is the deed of a ruffian— 'Rather act like a ſoldier; act like a man, 'and fight with me hand in hand; that your 'treaſon may at leaſt be free from baſeneſs.'

At theſe words, the traitor, as if he had been ſtruck with a thunderbolt, fell at his feet, and implored his pardon. 'Fear no'thing: you ſhall not ſuffer any evil from 'me;' replied the king, and kept his word.

From the additional volume to the letters of the right hon. lady Mary Wortley Montague, *lately publiſhed.*

LETTER LIII. To lady ——

January 13, 1715-16.

I FIND after all, by your letter of yeſterday, that Mrs. D—— is reſolved to marry the old greaſy curate. She was always High Church in an exceſſive degree, and you know ſhe uſed to ſpeak of Sacheverel as an Apoſtolic ſaint, who was worthy to ſit in the ſame place with St. Paul, if not a ſtep above him. It is a matter however very doubtful to me, whether it is not ſtill more the *man* than the *apoſtle* that Mrs. D—— looks on in the preſent alliance. Though at the age of forty ſhe is, I aſſure you, very far from being cold and inſenſible; her fire may be covered with aſhes, but is not extinguiſhed.—Don't be deceived, my dear, by that prudiſh and ſanctified air.—Warm devotion is no equivocal mark of warm paſſions; beſides I know it is a fact, (of which I have proofs in hand, which I will tell you by word of mouth) that our learned and holy prude is exceedingly diſpoſed to uſe the *means*, ſuppoſed in the primitive command, let what will come of the end. The curate indeed is very filthy—Such a red ſpungy, warty noſe! Such a ſquint! In ſhort, he is ugly beyond expreſſion; and what ought naturally to render him peculiarly diſpleaſing to one of Mrs. D——'s conſtitution and properſities, he is ſtricken in years. Nor do I really know how they will live. He has but forty five pounds a year—ſhe but a trifling ſum; ſo that they are likely to feaſt upon love and eccleſiaſtical hiſtory, which will be very empty food without a proper mixture of beef and pudding. I have, however, engaged our friend, who is the curate's landlord, to give them a good leaſe; and if Mrs. D—, inſtead of ſpending whole days in reading Collier, Hicks, and vile tranſlations of Plato and Epictetus, will but form the reſolution of taking care of her houſe, and minding her dairy, things may go tolerably. It is not likely that their *tender loves* will give them many *ſweet babes* to provide for.

I met the lover yeſterday, going to the ale houſe in his dirty night-gown, with a book under his arm to entertain his club; and as Mrs. D— was with me at the time, I pointed to her the charming creature: ſhe bluſhed and looked prim; but quoted a paſſage out of Herodotus, in which it is ſaid that the Perſians wore long night gowns. There is really no more accounting for the taſte in marriage of many of our ſex than there is for the appetite of your neighbour Miſs S—y, who makes ſuch waſte of chalk and charcoal when they fall in her way.

As marriage produces children, ſo children produce care and diſputes; and wrangling, as is ſaid, (at leaſt by old bachelors and old maids) is one of the *ſweets* of the conjugal ſtate: you tell me that our friend Mrs. —— is, at length, bleſſed with a ſon; and that her huſband, who is a great philoſopher, (if his own teſtimony is to be depended upon) inſiſts on her ſuckling it herſelf. You aſk my advice on this matter; and, to give it you frankly, I really think that Mr. ——'s demand is unreaſonable, as his wife's conſtitution is tender, and her temper fretful. A true philoſopher would conſider theſe circumſtances, but a pedant is always throwing his ſyſtem in your face, and applies it equally to all things, times and places, juſt like a taylor who would make a coat out of his own head, without any regard to the bulk or figure of the perſon that muſt wear it. All thoſe fine-ſpun arguments that he has drawn from nature to ſtop your mouth, weigh, I muſt own to you, but very little with me. This ſame *Nature* is indeed a ſpecious word, nay there is a great deal in it, if it is properly underſtood and applied, but I cannot bear to hear people uſing it to juſtify what common ſenſe muſt diſavow. Is not nature modified by art in many things? Was it not deſigned to be ſo? And is it not happy for human ſociety, that it is ſo? Would you like to ſee your huſband let his beard grow until he would be obliged to put the end of it in his pocket, becauſe this beard is the gift of nature? The inſtincts of nature point out neither taylors, nor weavers, nor manua-makers, nor ſemſters, nor milliners: and yet I am very glad that we do not run naked like the Hottentots. But not to wander from the ſubject—I grant that nature has furniſhed the mother with milk to nouriſh her child; but I maintain at the ſame time, that if ſhe can find better milk elſewhere, ſhe ought to prefer it without heſitation. I don't ſee why ſhe ſhould have more ſcruple to do this, than her huſband has to leave the clear fountain, which nature gave him to quench his thirſt, for ſtout October, Port, or Claret. Indeed, if Mrs. —— was a buxom, ſturdy woman, who lived on plain food, took regular exerciſe, enjoyed proper returns of reſt, and was free from violent paſſions (which you and I know is not the caſe) ſhe might be a good nurſe for her child; but as matters ſtand, I do verily think that the milk of a good comely cow, who feeds quietly in her meadow, never devours ragouts, nor drinks ratafia, nor frets at quadrille, nor ſits up till three in the morning elated with gain, or dejected with loſs, I do think that the milk of ſuch a cow, or of a nurſe that came as near it as poſſible, would be likely to nouriſh the young ſquire much better than hers. If it be true that the child ſucks in the mother's paſſions with her milk, this is a ſtrong argument in favour of the cow, unleſs you may be afraid that the young ſquire may become a calf; but how many calves are there both in ſtate and church, who have been brought up with their mother's milk?

I promiſe faithfully to communicate to no mortal the letter you wrote me laſt.—What you ſay of two of the rebel lords, I believe to be true; but I can do nothing in the matter. —If my project don't fail in the execution, I ſhall ſee you before a month paſſes. Give my ſervice to Dr Blackbeard——He is a good man, but I never ſaw in my life ſuch a perſecuting face cover a humane and tender heart. I imagine (within myſelf) that the Smithfield prieſts, who burned the Proteſtants in the time of Queen Mary, had juſt ſuch faces as the doctor's. If we were papiſts, I ſhould like him very much for my confeſſor; his ſeeming auſterity would give you and I a great reputation for ſanctity, and his good, indulgent heart would be the very thing that would ſuit us in the affair of penance and ghoſtly direction.

Farewel, my dear Lady, &c. &c.

Journal of a modern man of taſte, for a month.
From *the Adventures of an* AUTHOR.

Sept. 1. IN the country, by all means, to avoid *the canaille*, about the cloſing of *Vauxhall*.

Sept. 3. Compelled to come to town, no longer able to endure the ruſtic ſolitude of a farm-houſe, without a creature to ſpeak to—becauſe I would have the world believe I was with an elegant party in *Northamptonſhire*, where the wits of the age were to diſcuſs the merits of all the new pieces that are to appear next ſeaſon.

Sept. 6. Go down to *Tunbridge* to kill a few days.—Lady *L*——looks languiſhing:—I loſe fifty to put her in ſpirits, and am not without hopes of getting home upon her, when my lord goes into *Chronicle*.

Sept. 7. Return to *London* to recruit my finances.—Unintendedly drop in at the play, met with Miſs *T*——, go with her to *Gadly's*—preſent her with a hundred pound note—have not money enough in the morning to clear the houſe. Mrs. *G*—courteouſly takes my note for ſeven guineas.

Sept. 8. Am compelled to ſend to old *L*—the uſurer, to borrow thirty for a month, for which he very honeſtly takes my bond for fifty. A violent head-ach, ſend for Doctor—, he feels my pulſe, pronounces me feveriſh, and adviſes me to abſtain from champaign.

Sept. 9. My old ſchool-fellow *M*— calls upon me—he enters into a moral diſquiſition upon polite follies—draws my picture with ſuch ſtriking *traits*, that I am ſure he means me—Cannot help laughing at myſelf, and deſpiſing my ridiculous purſuit of fame and gallantry.

Sept. 10. Better ſpirits.—My ſteward brings a draught for ſix hundred. I look tolerably well—and *Labaguette* has hit off my hair very becoming: I ſhall commit ſome ſlaughter to-day, and ſo I'll e'en go to court. —Not one fine woman there, except the dutcheſs of—, and lady *Charlotte*—

Sept. 11. Dine with doctor *T*—, and Sir *Thomas L*—A deiſtical diſpute, wherein I ſhine—knock up the doctor, and drive Sir *Thomas L*—— to his *ne plus ultra*, by inſiſting on his fixing the locality of hell.——

N. B. Sir *Thomas* knows very little of geography, caught him in the gulph of *Mexico*.

and perſuaded him of the exiſtence of the *Atlantic* iſlands.

Sept. 12. Being a fine morning, in the park till three—Some new faces—meet *Jack Hall*: we paſs the women in review—he inſiſts that lady *M*— is now conſtant to my lord; I reply in the words of *Rochefoucault*, that *there are few women who are not at laſt tired of their trade*; and he winds up the argument, by ſaying, he believes, ſhe makes a virtue of neceſſity.

Sept. 13. Very low-ſpirited—look very ill—*Labaguette*, in telling a bawdy ſtory, forgets the iroas, and burns one of my capital curls—I am ready to ſwoon—but recover. Am obliged to keep at home for a fortnight, and at length ſubmit, to my infinite mortification, to wear a *demi perruque*.

Chaſm

for melancholy, vapours, and reflection. Read three pages of *Locke, without underſtanding him.*—Write an ode to lady *L*—, which the printer of the—— ——— refuſes to inſert, as being perſonal and deficient in cenſure—*was there ever ſuch inſolence!*

Sept. 28. Upon the point of turning off *Labaguette*—but he opportunely introduces a milliner's 'prentice to me that no one has touched—but *himſelf*,—and in the afternoon has, with the aſſiſtance of *Manon*, the rhetoric to perſuade me to put on the *demi perruque*.

Sept. 29. *Sunday*—and aſhamed to go to Lady——'s card party on account of my head—*Manon* ſings me ſome little *French* airs, and I begin to think her lively.

Sept. 30. Like to have made a dreadful miſtake at the new play, and applauded it, if Mr. *Alluvit*, who was in the ſame box, and is the *dernier reſort* of criticiſm, had not prevented me, by timely pronouncing it *damned low*. Was there ever ſuch a luckey eſcape!

Oct. 1. In high ſpirits upon my good fortune laſt night—gave *Manon* ten pounds to buy her a ſack, and purchaſe a *French* ſuit of *Labaguette* for the birth-day.

Oct. 2. Wait upon lady *L*—, and find *Triſtram Shandy* upon her toilet—She deſires me to explain the ſtars. I excuſe myſelf, by telling her I have not read it, and aſk her what ſhe thinks of *Locke*?—She bluſhes—is confuſed—and is ſurprized I ſhould put ſo indecent a queſtion to her.'

THE COTTAGE.

A Moral PICTURE.

ALL hail to the, thou peaceful, lone retreat!
Welcome this rude, uncultivated ſpot,
Where Hoſpitality has fix'd her ſeat
In humble poverty's ſequeſter'd cot.
Thoſe barren hills which bound you dreary rocks,
That ſolitary ſtream meand'ring flow,
This little paſture, and theſe ſcanty flocks,
Have charms which opulence may never know.
By ſervile tribes and fortune's minions ſcorn'd,
Remote from crowds on ſchemes on grandeur bent,
Here ſimple nature, ſweetly unadorn'd,
Dwels with her handmaids, virtue and content.
Within this lowly hut, whoſe tott'ring roof,
Seems juſt departing from its time worn thatch,
A pen'rous pair, compaſſion's nobleſt proof,
For ev'ry trav'ler lifts the friendly latch.
Tho' ſmall their income, ample is their mind;
With few poſſeſſions they've abundant wealth;
In nature's bounteous lap they daily find
Life's choiceſt bleſſings, innocence and health.
Together once they trod its early ſtage.
Together now they journey down the vale;
Paſt ſcenes of youth endear approaching age,
And waft them onward with a gentle gale.
One beauteous maid, near pledge of nuptial love,
With artleſs prattle every care beguiles;
She, while her parents cheriſh and improve,
Cheers all their thoughtful hours with infant ſmiles.
For her alone they wear a ſhort-liv'd gloom;
Her future weal ſtill anxious to ſecure;
Content,-when ſummon'd to their final doom,
To leave her honeſt, tho' they leave her poor.
O ſacred wedlock! flame for ever bright!
Perpetual ſource of untumultuous joy!
Pure, ſilent ſtream that flows with new delight,
Bliſs ſtill encreaſing, ſweets that never cloy.
'Midſt burſting throngs thy ſoft endearments charm,
Reſtrain the huſband, and protect the wife;
But chief thy chaſte, connubial raptures warm
The peaceful current of unruffled life."
There the mild tranſports of the ſocical hour
Forbid each all completed wiſh to roam;
Beſt pleas'd to ſuck retirement's halcyon bower,
And rear their rip'ning progeny at home.
Approach this rural ſcene, ye little great,
Ye ever-roving, ever-thoughtleſs crew,
Suſpend a while magnificence and ſtate,
To learn contentment from the happy few.
Come too, ye cruel, unrelenting fair,
Who from your children baniſh nature's friend;
Here view the pattern of maternal care,
And while you contemplate that pattern, mend.
Come weary'd indigence, forget thy woes,
This faithful cottage harbours no diſguiſe;
Here undiſturb'd enjoy a calm repoſe,
And taſte that comfort which the world denies.

Real cauſe of the general diſhoneſty in Britiſh Miniſters.

The following letter, which has been communicated by a perſonage of the firſt diſtinction, having ſomething in it ſo applicable to the preſent times, we fancy our readers will for that reaſon readily accept it as part of their entertainment, were they even to pay no regard to the extraordinary merit and reputation of the author.

Original letter from Dean SWIFT *to Mr.* POPE.

Dear POPE.

I AM wonderfully pleaſed with the publication of your Ethic Epiſtles, not only on account of their poetical and moral excellence, but on account of that hearty averſion to miniſters and courts, which breathes thro' ſeveral of the paſſages. Perhaps I am the more taken with your ſentiments on this head, becauſe they are ſufficient authority for ſome opinions advanced by myſelf; and you know we are always certain of allowing other people's notions to be of weight and importance when they bear any conformity to our own.

I don't know how it is, but I never liked a miniſter in all my days. Our friends Oxford and Bolingbroke I had a ſincere value for in their private ſtations, but in their public capacities I looked upon them both (and you know I have ſaid it to their faces) as little better than a couple of raſcals. This regard to their abſtracted merit as individuals as frequently led me to ſupport tenets diametrically oppoſite to my principles; and I have often engaged as a champion for the conduct of the miniſters, becauſe I had a cordial affection for the integrity of the men. There is ſuch an honeſt openeſs in Harley, and ſo apparent an ingenuouſneſs in St. John, that I am attached to their intereſt in ſpite of my teeth, and left while I labour to reſcue them from the name of ſcoundrels in their offices, to ſink under the weight of the d--n'd appellation myſelf.

In fact, Pope, I believe it impoſſible for any miniſter to be an honeſt man. There are fifty thouſand trap doors, from the very nature of his office, in which it is next to impoſſible but his integrity muſt tumble. One Right Hon. Raſcal or other has eternally ſome ſtrumpet to provide for, or ſome cuckold to recommend, in preference to the claims of real worth, and the pretenſions of the truly deſerving; not to mention any thing of a miniſter's own friends, his implements and dependants, who all naturally expect to be provided for in courſe. Thus ſituated, a man at the head of affairs is obliged very frequently to overlook the ſolicitations of ſervices and merit, as I have this moment obſerved, and expoſes himſelf to the reſentment of many diſappointed Levee danglers, from an utter impoſſibility to provide for all. Hence a number of enemies are certain of attacking him at every quarter, and, as the battery in ſome places may be juſtly enough levelled, the report muſt be heard without end.

But as wealth and power are always ſure of finding advocates, we never ſee a miniſter without a number of literary mercenaries employed in his defence, to refute the arguments of malice, or to evade the accuſations of truth; to knock on the head with the hammer of plump contradiction, or to puzzle by a fallacious repreſentation of facts. Theſe worthy Gentlemen, did they really conſider the true intereſt of the miniſter, would never endeavour at any thing like a fair diſpute. A round lie ought to be given to every aſſertion prejudicial to his reputation, and this would produce ſuch a number of replies, that the public would ſoon give up the diſcuſſion of a point which ſaddled them with an heavy expence. A ſwarm of pamphlets the lower orders have not the ability to purchaſe, and the higher have not the leiſure to read: hence a debate that occaſions a number of publications muſt inſenſibly die away, and the principal ſufferer be the unfortunate bookſeller; for ſeldom, very ſeldom has the proprietorſhip of a ſix-penny touch, fallen to the ſhare of *any regularly bred* author.

People may talk what they will of the infringement which miniſterial artifices have made upon the liberty of the ſubject, but in my opinion the ſtamp-office is the moſt dangerous; the duty laid there upon all publications, is a flagrant attack upon the liberty of the preſs, by choaking up the only channel which the public have of ſetting forth their greviances, and preventing the moſt probable means of having them redreſſed: it is in fact the moſt maſterly ſtroke of miniſterial cunning which I can remember; for let a ſecretary be ever ſo bad a man, one half of his villainy paſſes the notice of the world, becauſe few people are willing to buy a knowledge of it at an exorbitant price.

The general plea which is uſed by miniſterial advocates, and a plea which I myſelf have uſed with ſucceſs, is, that an attack upon the miniſter is an affront upon the crown: and that there is no accuſation laid at the door of a ſecretary, that is not an indirect reflection upon the king. This is a pleaſant way of reaſoning, to be ſure; for by the expreſs declaration of our laws, an Engliſh prince is a piece of royal infallibility, incapable of doing wrong: As this poſition is univerſally admitted, it muſt conſequently follow, that let us ſpatter the monarch; or even if it could, would the monarch be an honeſt or a ſenſible man, to be offended, if it was apparently evident he was in the wrong? duty and reverence is all fluff, Pope; the prince who is offended at cenſure, ought never to furniſh a cauſe for it; and the king who would exact the obedience, ought to deſerve the affection of his people. This is the voice of reaſon, and the prince who is above liſtening to it, may poſſibly be feared; but I will ſtake my ſalvation that he never can be loved

The poſition that a king can do no wrong, muſt either tax the Engliſh nation with great injuſtice, or great inconſiſtency. If a king can do no wrong, why was that pitiful Poltroon, James II. baniſhed; And if a king can do wrong, why the plague are we conſtantly affirming that he cannot. Either way we ſtand ſelf-condemned: In the firſt place, we muſt be very wicked men, if the poſition holds, and very fooliſh ones in the ſecond, if it does not. But inconſiſtency is our prevailing characteriſtic; and if we are not ſet down as a nation of ſcoundrels, we muſt think ourſelves pretty eaſy under the appellation of fools

I am, dear Pope, &c J. SWIFT.

New Advertiſements.

TO BE SOLD, *at public vendue,*

On Wedneſday the 4th Day of November, at the houſe where the late Revd. JOSEPH DACRE WILTON *lived,*

ALL the perſonal eſtate of the ſaid JOSEPH DACRE WILTON, deceaſed, conſiſting of houſhold furniture, plate, china, and ſeveral valuable NEGROES. Credit for all ſums above three hundred pounds, paying intereſt, with approved ſecurity, will be given till the 4th day of November 1768.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate are requeſted to make immediate payment. And all who have any demands are requeſted to ſend in their accompts to the Rev. Robert Smith.

MARY WILTON, *Executrix.*

WHEREAS there is an abſolute neceſſity of ſettling the affairs of the eſtate of Eberhardt Ehney, deceaſed, the ſubſcriber, adminiſtratrix to ſaid eſtate, deſires all perſons whatever, who are any ways indebted, to pay off or otherwiſe ſettle their reſpective bonds, notes and accompts, on or before the firſt day of December next; and thoſe who have any demands againſt it, are deſired to bring in their demands properly atteſted to

CHRISTINA EHNEY, *Adminiſtratrix.*

THE co-partnerſhip of Oliphant and Henderſon being diſſolved, there is an abſolute neceſſity of cloſing ſaid concerns. All perſons indebted to ſaid partnerſhip, are therefore requeſted to pay or ſettle their accompts; & thoſe who have any demands on them may call for payment.

TO BE SOLD,

PART of the valuable lot of land whereon I now live, containing thirty feet in front, on Church-ſtreet, and two hundred feet in depth. For farther particulars enquire of

JOSEPH VERREE.

THE ſubſcriber, at his houſe in King-ſtreet, a few doors from Broad-ſtreet, has accommodations to lodge and board three or four gentlemen.——He would be glad alſo to take four gentlemen as day-boarders.

Oct. 19, 1767. WILLIAM MASSEY.

JOSEPH LAMBERT informs me of a dark bay gelding, with a blazed face, his back full of ſaddle ſpots, and paces a little, 14 or 15 years old, about thirteen hands and an half high, & branded upon his mounting ſhoulder IM. The owner muſt prove his property, at Orangeburgh before LEWIS GOLIAN, *J. P.*

Sept. 29, 1767.

Guerin & Williamſon's

Compting room is now kept at Mr. *Jonathan Sarrazin's* in BROAD-STREET;

WHERE all perſons indebted to them are deſired to come, and diſcharge or otherwiſe ſettle their accompts, without delay. 6w.75

CHARLES-TOWN, October 19.

THE want of COUNTY-COURTS, (an *old Grievance*, and often complained of) has at length produced ſuch numerous and enormous evils in the back ſettlements of this province, as to require a moſt vigorous exertion of the authority of government, and it is not doubted will engage the particular attention of the legiſlature, at the next meeting of the general aſſembly.—We almoſt daily receive accounts of parties, of the aſſociated Banditti, from the frontiers of the northern provinces committing all manner of robberies and violences upon the perſons and property of the peaceable inhabitants on the borders of this; ſo that, in a kind of deſparation, *they* too have formed aſſociations, to expell the villains from wherever they can get at them, and to do themſelves juſtice in a ſummary way; in which they have however fallen into various exceſſes.—On the other hand, the Banditti are ſo powerful, as to cauſe magiſtrates, who have been active in bringing ſome of their gangs to juſtice, to be ſeized, carried before them, and tried by a juriſdiction of their own forming; an inſtance of which is recent, in the ſeizing of *James Mayſon*, Eſq; a magiſtrate at *Ninety ſix*, who was taken out of his houſe in the night of the eighth inſtant, his hands tied behind him, his legs under the horſes belly, and ſo drag'd, and ſtript all the way, to about eighty miles diſtance. Since which his excellency the Governor has ordered a new regiment of militia to be formed, in the parts moſt infeſted; of which the following officers are appointed, viz. *John Lewis Gervais*, Eſq; colonel, *Thomas Neel*, Eſq; lieut. col. and *James Mayſon*, Eſq; major; and the diſtrict from which this regiment is to be formed, extends from the mouth of *Horſe Creek* on *Savannah River*, up to the head of the ſaid creek, to the branch called *Cinquefield's Creek*, and a line running from thence to the place called *Cloud's Spring* and *Creek*, and down the ſtream of *Little Saludy* till it falls into *Great Saludy*, and up that river till it interſects the *Cherokee Line*, and from the mouth of *Horſe Creek*, up *Savannah River* till *that* reaches the *Cherokee Line*. This diſtrict, which before the *Cherokee* war, we are told, did not contain above 60 men bearing arms, 'tis ſaid, is now inhabited by upwards of 3500 ſouls.

In our laſt, we mentioned the return of *Joſeph Mackenſie* (who was ſent, expreſs, from the general poſt-office here, upon the arrival of the *Duncannon* packet boat, with his Maj'ſty's mails for *Georgia* and *Eaſt Florida*) without having been able to proceed farther than to *St. Mary's River* on his way to *St. Auguſtine*. The account *Mackenſie* gave, was, "That he reached *James Lemon's*, who kept a "ſtore on *Santilly River* in *Georgia*, the 20th of laſt "month, found him much terrified, and was informed by him that ſeveral white people had been "murdered, on the 18th at noon, by a party of "*Creek Indians*, at the ſettlement of one *Mills* on "*St. Mary's-River*: That he nevertheleſs proceeded, on the 19th, to the ferry kept by one *Terrington*, on the ſaid river, but found it abandoned: "That he lay in the woods that night, and on the "22d returned to *Lemon's*, who he found removing "his family and goods, &c."——We have ſince learnt, that the only perſons murdered were *Benjamin Baker*, and one *Cummings*; that *Jeremiah Wilder* was at the ſame time wounded, and that one *George Mills* eſcaped: That the murderers were a ſort of outcaſts from the *Creek* nation, ſome of whom, in the ſpring, had been whipt and pickled by *Mills*, (doubtleſs for ſome miſdemeanour) and formed a party to take ſatisfaction this way: And that *Lemon* left his houſe, as was mentioned by *Mackenſie*, and the *Indians* afterwards came there, plundered it of what had been left, and kept poſſeſſion of it, ſince which they have committed no further outrages.

The general aſſembly of the province of *Georgia*, which ſtood prorogued to the 9th of November, has been called, by proclamation, from governor *Wright*, to meet on Monday next the 26th inſtant, "upon "ſome weighty and important matters which his "excellency had his Majeſty's commands to lay be-"fore them."

Early on Friday morning came on a moſt violent gale of wind here, at North, inclining a little to the Eaſt, which continued without abatement or intermiſſion, till yeſterday morning, and, 'tis to be feared, has been ſeverely felt at ſea and on the coaſt. Friday afternoon, by two o' clock, it occaſioned ſuch a ſwell in the harbour as has been ſeldom obſerved but in great hurricanes. Saturday morning it drove the only two veſſels that lay in Rebellion-Road from their anchors, one of which, the ſnow *Aurora*, capt. *James Patterſon*, outward-bound for *London*, parted her cable, went aſhore on the Lower-Middle Bank, and lay in imminent danger of being loſt, till the afternoon, when Mr. *Rogers* (one of our pilots) with great difficulty got on board, and beat her over the bank, to a place where both veſſel and cargo are likely to be ſaved. By the above gale, and the heavy rains that have ſucceeded, thoſe rice-planters whoſe crops were backward, are likely to become conſiderable ſufferers.

Monday laſt died, after a ſhort illneſs, the humane, ſocial and friendly Doctor *William Pillans*, who was very uſeful in his profeſſion, and, had he lived, would have become eminent in it.

Laſt Tueſday, Mr. *John Baker*, merchant, was married to Miſs *Amy Legaré*, daughter of Mr. *Thomas Legaré* an eminent factor (for the country gentlemen) in this town.

The Rev. Mr. *James Crallan*, the worthy maſter of the free-ſchool in this town, is choſen to ſucceed the late Mr. *Wilton*, as aſſiſtant lecturer, for the pariſh of *St. Philip Charles-Town*, with a ſalary of £. 200 ſterling a year.

"On Saturday the 26th paſt, died at *Beaufort*, "*Port-Royal*, Mrs. *Eleanor Proctor*; a lady univer-"ſally regretted by all who had the pleaſure of her "acquaintance, and particularly lamented by her "intimates."

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

Oct. Arrivals at Charles-Town.		*From*
12th.	Sloop Betſey, Edward North,	Florida Keys
14th.	Sloop Molly, Nath. Whiting,	Rhode Iſland
19th.	Ship Nancy, George Jordan,	London

Sept. Sailed		*For*
12th.	Scooner Jane, Charles Morgan,	Georgia
	Sloop Mary, William Tatem,	St. Kitts
15th.	Scooner Mary, John Doran,	St. Auguſtine

Remain windbound or cleared,		*For*
	Ship John & Elizabeth, A. Corniſh,	Dominica
	Brigt. Savage, John Dickinſon,	Montſerrat
	Scooner Betſey, James Rogers	Cape-Fear
	Sl. Cape Fear Planter, J. Romain,	Cape Fear
	Sloop Hope, Daniel M'Coy,	Barbados

Way ſail, (or be loaded, this week.)		*For*
	Snow Kinnoul, Robt. Alexander,	Leith
	Brigt. Prince George, David Watſon,	London
	Ship Martha, Gideon Manchaſter,	Jamaica
	Sloop Charles Town, Joſ. Durſee,	R. Iſland

Arrivals from this Port.	*At*
Ship Carolina Packet, William White	*London*
Ship Union, William Coombs	*London*
Ship Fair-America, John Minſhal	*Liverpool*
Brigt. Smyth, John Munroe	*Cowes*
Brigt. Embry, Jacob Wolf	*Liſbon*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

IT IS ORDERED, by His Excellency the Governor, in Council, that the Names of the Magiſtrates, in the Commiſſion of the Peace, be inſerted in all the Gazettes of this Province.

For BERKLEY County.

The Juſtices — Of the Quorum.

William Bull, Othniel Beale, Henry Middleton, Egerton Leigh, Charles Shinner, John Drayton, Daniel Blake, John Burn, Thomas Shottowe, Daniel Moore, Eſqrs.

Sir John Colleton, Bart.

Robert Pringle, Rawlins Lowndes, Daniel Doyley, Peter Manigault, Benj. Smith, James Simpſon, Dougal Campbell, Eſqrs.

William Burrows, John Troup, Edward Fenwicke, George Saxby, Gabriel Manigault, John Wragg, John Ainſlie, John Stuart, Nathaniel Broughton, Alexander Fraſer, Jacob Motte, Iſaac Mazyck, jun., Robert Rivers, John Skene, Nicholas Harleſton, Lionel Chalmers, John Moultrie, jun., Moſes Thomſon, Henry Ravenell, Samuel Thomas, John Chevillette, Edmund Bellinger, Robert Williams, William Moultrie, James Parſons, Robert Williams, jun., Charles Pinckney, John Pearſon, George Murray, William Briſbane, John Savage, Richard Lambton, Doctor John Murray, Tacitus Gaillard, Alexander Garden, Jeremiah Savage, Benjamin Simons, William Hopton, James Laſſie, George Paddon Bond, Philip Porcher, John Hume, David Rhind, Andrew Brown, John Hambleton, James Reid, Edward Muſgrove, Henry Smith, William Roper, David Oliphant, John Rutledge, John Joor, Gavin Pou, Edward Wilkinſon, John Bull, William Sanders, Robert Briſbane, William Maſon, William Maſſey, Benjamin Guerard, Fenwick Bull, Lewis Golſton, Thomas Heyward, Frederick Nicholas Myer, Francis Roche, Benjamin Simons, jun., Benjamin Marion, jun., John Newman Oglethorpe, Joſeph Curry, Chriſtopher Rowe, John Mackenzie, John Parker, Whitmarſh Fuller, William Tucker, Arthur Middleton, William Henry Drayton, John Moore, Robert Johnſton, John Savage (of 96), John Daring, William Drayton, John Matthewes, ſon of Jn. Andrew Hibben, John Izard, Hopkin Price, Thomas Evance, Henry Peronneau, John Lovingſton, Rog. Pet. Handaſyd Hatley, William Logan, Eſqrs.

For COLLETON County.

James Stobo, James Skirving, John Chevilleth, William Bobne, Thomas Hutchinſon, James Poſtell, George Logan, William Maxwell, William Matthewes, James Carſan, Andrew Leitch, Edward Perrey, Francis Yonge, Gavin Pou, John Stuart, Hugh Wilſon, Stephen Bull (of Sheldon), James Reid (of St. Barth.), James Parſons, Charles Pinckney, Philip Smith, John Savage (of 96), Patrick Calhoun, William Calhoun, Thomas Ball, James Maſon, Joſeph Glover, James Donnom, Jonathan Donnom, Thomas Ferguſon, Thomas Bee, Lewis Golſton, John Tinckler, John Fairchild, Frederick Nicholas Meyer, Joſiah Perrey, John Pickins, John Lewis Gervais, Chriſtopher Rowe, Lewis Powell, John Matthewes, (ſon of John), Andrew Cunningham, Robert Rawlins, Eſqrs.

For GRANVILLE County.

Stephen Bull, Stephen Bull (of Sheldon), Benjamin Garden, Richard Wallace, Daniel Pepper, John Dicks, Patrick Calhoun, Jacob Summerall, Stephen Drayton, William Calhoun, Thomas Bell, Elijah Prioleau, John Lewis Bourquin, Lazarus Brown, John Tinckler, Samuel Porcher, John Lewis Gervais, John Stuart, Joſeph Jenkins, jun., Thomas Young, William Elliott, Andrew Aggnew, Richard Holloway, Richard Prioleau, Eſqrs.

For the CHEROKEE Diſtrict.

John Stuart, Alexander Cameron, George Price, Mathew Keough, Eſqrs.

For CRAVEN County.

George Gabriel Powell, Joſeph Brown, Samuel Wragg, Paul Trapier, Job Rothmahler, George Pawley, Elias Horry, Richard Richardſon, Joſeph Cantey, Charles Cantey, John Pamer, John Hendie, Thomas Lynch, Archibald Baird, John Levingſton, Samuel Wylly, George Hicks, James Loſſk, George Pearſon, Wood Furman, Nathan Alexander, Edward Jarman, Alexander Mackintoſh, Henry Caſſels, Jacob Gourdin, James Laſſlie, James Wyly, Peter Sinclair, Joſeph Bolton, Iſaac Porcher, Charles Fyffe, Thomas Godfrey, Benjamin Young, Abraham Carradine, Philip Porcher, Daniel Horry, John Cantey, Joſias Alliſon, Andrew Alliſon, Thomas Flitchall, Thomas Simpſon, John Pickens, Thomas Wade, William Alliſon, Robert Herriott, John M'Dougel, Edward Wilkinſon, John M'Donald, John Jeanerette, Theodore Gourdin, Paul Douxſainte, Joſhua Screven, Andrew Brunette, John Stuart, John Newman Oglethorpe, Robert Weaver, John Gaſton, Tacitus Gaillard, John Alran, Claudius Pegues, James M'Cants, David Fulton, James Patton, John Perkins, James Linah, William Waſſard, James Simpſon (of Craven County), Zachariah Iſbell, Barnabas Arthur, Thomas Bond, Joſeph Cury, William Tucker, John Cantzon, Jonathan Gilbert, Jacob Motte jun., Thomas Evance, Joſeph Dubourdieu, William Thomſon, Samuel Neſmith, John Brockington, Robert Goodwin, Maurice Simons, Peter Simons, William Alliſon jun., Nathaniel Dwight, Eſqrs.

Barnaby Pope, Glaſs Caſton, John Furnas, and Gilbert Hay, who were in the laſt commiſſion, are not continued in this for their miſbehaviour.

October 15, 1767. JAMES SIMPSON, *C. C.*

GODFREY & GADSDEN

HAVE JUST IMPORTED,

In the Two Friends, Capt. Ball, and the America, Capt. Rainier, from LONDON, *and in the Proſper, Capt. Sleper, from* BRISTOL; *a GREAT VARIETY of*

FRESH GOODS:

AMONG WHICH ARE,

SCOTCH and Iriſh oſnabrugs, yard wide brown theeting from *five ſhillings* to *ſeven ſhillings* and *ſix pence* per yard, 3 4th, 7 8th and yard wide Iriſh linens from *five* to *fifty five ſhillings* per yard, fine flowring diapers, damaſk and diaper table cloths and napkins, damaſk napkinning, printed linens, cottons and callicoes, black and coloured India perſians, India callicoes and chints, black and white gauzes, lawns, muſlins, cambrick, SAIL CLOTH No. 1 to 6, with almoſt all kinds of LINEN DRAPERY GOODS.

BROAD CLOTHS and trimmings, white and coloured *PLAINS*, ſtriped *DUFFILS*, a-la-mode, black bombazeen, broad hoes, Dutch ſhoe thread, German and Engliſh ſteel, pewter water-plates, diſhes, &c. cotton checks, cotton counterpains and gowns, men and boys beaver, caſtor and felt hats, hair powder, Poland ſtarch, butter prints, pinching and curling irons, knives, ſciſſars, and other cutlery, READY MADE CLOATHS, portmanteaus and mill-pillions, mens, womens, boys and RACE ſaddles, whips, linen and woollen girths and ſurfingles, and girth web, CORDAGE from two yarn to eight inch cables, a great variety of glaſs, chimney and dreſſing glaſſes, muſtard, anchovies, ſweet oil, mangoes, olives, capers, walnuts and ketchup, ſcarlet and crimſon hair ſhagg, minionet and blond lace, mens, womens, girls and boys gloves and mitts, figs, currants and raiſins, almonds, green, ſouchong, hyſon and bohea teas, double and ſingle refined ſugar, paper, large copper kettles, braſs fenders, mens, womens, boys and girls leather ſhoes, womens ſtuff ditto, ſtag ſleeves, with hand tumblers, wine glaſſes, decanters, ſyllabub and jelly glaſſes, neat GLASS PYRAMIDS, 4 5, 6, 8, 10, 20 penny and ſpike nails, Briſtol BEER, Taunton ALE, rich old CYDER, PORTER in barrels, chimney flower pots, butter pots, window glaſs, 12 by 10 and 10 by 8—croſs cut and pit ſaws, linſeed oil and paints, a few dozen of red and Port wine, Philadelphia flour in barrels and kegs, BAR IRON, a few mahogany and beech chairs, tables and drawers, with moſt other articles uſually imported, and to be ſold at their ſtores in Charles Town, alſo a few dozen beſt London CLARET, at the coſt and charges.

Who have to let out the HOUSE and STORES on the Bay, now occupied by Meſſrs. Guering and Williamſon. [6 w]

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT containing 1000 acres of land, in the pariſh of Chriſt-Church, ſituate on the north ſide of Great Ogeeche river, about 4 miles above the town of Hardwick, & about 15 miles by land from Savannah; it fronts on the river oppoſite to lands of James McKay, Eſq; and Stirling's Bluff upwards of two miles, and is the beſt kind of river ſwamp, neither ſubject to freſhes or ſalts, and lies between lands of the eſtate of William Butler, deceaſed, James McKay and Francis Harris, Eſqrs.—FIVE HUNDRED ACRES of LAND, in the pariſh of St. Philip's, ſituate on Stirling's ſwamp, about two miles from the river Great Ogeeche, between lands of William Butler, Samuel New, and Sarah Sinclair, bounded ſoutherly at the time of the ſurvey by vacant land: Four hundred acres thereof is fine tupelow and maple ſwamp; the remainder good pine land.—One hundred and ſixty acres of land in the pariſh aforeſaid, on the river Great Ogeeche, pleaſantly ſituated about a mile from the town of Hardwick, conſiſting of freſh water marſh, oak and pine land: Alſo a lot No. 117, in ſaid town.—Three hundred and fifty acres of land, in the pariſh of St. Philip's, ſituated on Stirling's ſwamp, about a mile and an half from the river Great Ogeeche, bounded ſoutherly and eaſterly by lands vacant at the time of the ſurvey, notherly by lands of —— Bailey, and weſterly by lands of Samuel New, Eſq. Two hundred acres thereof is fine tupelow and maple ſwamp; the remainder good pine land. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe either of the above tracts, may treat with. INGLIS & HALL.

Savannah Georgia, 20th Dec. 1766.

JAMES M'CALL,

Having purchaſed the ſtock of Goods, of Meſſrs. LLOYD & NEYLE;

AND added the ſame to a good aſſortment imported in the laſt veſſels from London and Briſtol, will ſell VERY REASONABLY, at his ſtore in Broad-ſtreet, lately poſſeſſed by ſaid gentlemen.

He has alſo JUST IMPORTED, *In the Brigantine Philadelphia Packet, Capt. Harriſon,*

SHIP, water, milk and butter biſket, and flour in barrels, half barrels, and kegs. [6. w.]

STRAYED from the plantation whereon I now live, at Cane Acres, a bay gelding fifteen hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder thus M, his mane trimm'd in a bow, and has a broom tail. Whoever will deliver or give information where he may be had, ſhall have Five pounds reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by t. f. ROBERT LADSON.

NOW SELLING,

At EIGHT for ONE, Cash,

By Theodore Gaillard, jun.

A Variety of handſome STRIPE SILKS, from 27 *ſ.* 6 *d.* to 45 *ſ.* per yard; a neat aſſortment of BRUSSELS and other LACE; fine plain and flowered LAWNS; CAMBRICKS, damaſk TEA NAPKINS and TABLE CLOTHS; a parcel of neat ENGLISH CHINTS; with a few dozens of very neat PAINTINGS on glaſs.

TO BE SOLD, at private ſale,

A Lot of land at Anſonborough, containing fifty feet front on Squirrel-ſtreet, and about 137 feet deep: ſaid lot adjoins the land of Mr. Watſon, and oppoſite to Mr. Porcher. Any perſon having a mind to become purchaſer of the ſame, may apply to JOHN DART.

N. B. A parcel of fine lightwood poſts from twelve to fourteen feet long, with a few thouſand feet of inch boards, now laying in Mr. John Logan's yard, at Anſonborough, to be ſold, apply as above, or to ſaid Logan.

ABSENTED themſelves on the 25th of Sept. 1767, from the ſhip *Two Friends, Samuel Ball, maſter*, two indented ſervants, viz. JAMES FOSTER, aged about 22 years, well ſet, about 5 feet 6 inches high, his complexion ruddy, but a good deal ſun-burnt, with ſhort brown hair, inclined to curl; born in Norwich, and a gardener by trade, had on when he went away a brown coat, but may have changed his dreſs.

JOHN CLEGG, aged about 21 years, born at Maſchaeſter, and a carpenter by trade, about 5 feet 8 inches high, ſlender and ſtoops a little, his complexion fair, with ſtrait brown hair, and light eyebrows; had on a ragged brown coat.—Whoever takes up, and delivers them to ſaid Samuel Ball, ſhall have ten pounds reward for each.

N. B. All maſters of coaſting or other veſſels, are cautioned againſt carrying them off; and all other perſons whatever, from harbouring or entertaining them, on pain of the moſt rigorous proſecution.

Juſt arrived in Capt. Ball, from London,

A Large aſſortment of handſome cottons neweſt patterns, with nails, carpenters and coopers tools, &c. bought particularly low, and to be ſold proportionably, at my ſtore in Broad ſtreet.

THOMAS WALTER.

Advertiſements.

In the COMMONS HOUSE of ASSEMBLY, *the 14th day of April*, 1767.

ORDERED,

THAT public notice be given in the Gazettes, to the conſtables, who have, or may have, any demands againſt the public of this province, for conveying malefactors to goal; that they do deliver in, to the public treaſurer, at the time they apply for the payment of their fees for the ſaid ſervice, a diſtinct and particular account of their reſpective demands, certified by the magiſtrates by whom the priſoners were committed: And alſo, that the magiſtrates do certify the number of computed miles the ſaid conſtables may reſpectively travel to Charles-Town, from the place or places from whence the ſaid malefactors were taken and committed.

By order of the houſe,
THO. FARR, *jun. Clerk.*

To be Sold,

For three or four years credit (if the purchaſer chooſes) paying the uſual intereſt, and may be intered on immediately,

THE pleaſant inland plantation whereon I now live, ſixteen miles from Charles-Town, and only two and an half from a landing on Aſhley-river, whereon is a good two ſtory brick houſe of three rooms on a floor, with two Piazza's the whole length, a good cellar, ſtore rooms, and every other neceſſary building, and a large orchard well ſtock'd with moſt kinds of fruit trees.—The land is good for rice, corn and indico; and there is now a ſmall rice field properly damm'd, a corn field, and a good paſture, all under good incloſures. Apply to ISAAC LADSON.

Charles Town, 18 October, 1767.

AGREEABLE to the directions of an act of the general aſſembly of this province, intitled, "an act to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE "of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies to be at *ſix pounds* and *five ſhillings per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *four pounds* and *five ſhillings* (being both uſed by the bakers); at which prices the HALF-CROWN loaves muſt weigh, as follows:

Of CAROLINA Flour,	lb.	oz.	dwt
White	2	6	0
Wheaten	3	9	0
Houſhold	4	12	0

Of *Northward* Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White	1	12	0
Wheaten	2	10	0
Houſhold	3	8	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due Notice.

JACOB MOTTE, *Pub. Treaſ.*

A BAY gelding about 12 hands high, branded on the off-ſhoulder *JD* in one, with a white reach down his face. The owner muſt prove his property before JOHN JOER, *J. P.*

Dorcheſter, October 9, 1767.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the St. Anthony, *Capt. Arnold, from* Briſtol, *and to be ſold by the ſubſcriber, for very little more than firſt coſt.*

ABOUT 120 weight of lamp-black in three caſks, in pound papers, 100 groce of velvet corks, and about 30 groce of large corks for ſtone bottles, about 100 dozen of Briſtol beer of a ſuperior quality to moſt imported, white and colour'd plains of beſt ſort, a good aſſortment of low priced linen, checks and ſtripes.—A choice aſſortment of family medicines, the credit of which renders it needleſs to ſay more of them.

THOMAS COLLINS, *in Church ſtreet.*

N. B. The above are as well calculated for a country ſtore as for town.

LONDON, *September* 20, 1766.

I Have appointed Meſſrs. CARNE & WILSON my Agents, for the ſale of my MEDICINES in CAROLINA; and all perſons may be ſupplied wholeſale and retale by them.

JOHN HILL.

A Liſt of Dr. Hill's Medicines ſold by Meſſrs. CARNE & WILSON.

1. PECTORAL BALSAM or HONEY, For colds, coughs, and aſthmas. A common cold is often cured, and all the bad conſequences prevented that might have followed, by a ſingle doſe.—Theſe complaints are ſo common, that no family ſhould be without the medicine.

2. ESSENCE or WATER-DOCK, For the certain cure of the ſcurvy, and all breakings out. It never once failed in many thouſand inſtances.

3. TINCTURE or CENTAURY, A ſtomachic bitter, that gives a healthy appetite and ſound digeſtion. A certain cure for all weakneſſes and diſorders in the ſtomach.

4. ELIXIR or BARDANA, For the gout and rheumatiſm. This re-eſtabliſhes the health after the fits of the gout, ſhortens ſuch as follow, and eaſes the pain. For the rheumatiſm it is a certain cure, and the diſeaſe never returns.

5. TINCTURE or SAGE, To lengthen life, and keep off the decays of age; as trembling, deafneſs, and all other the weakneſſes of an advanced life.

6. TINCTURE or VALERIAN, For diſorders of the nerves, low ſpirits, faintneſs, headachs, and all kinds of fits.

*** *All theſe are pleaſant, innocent and effectual medicines, diſcovered by the author, in the courſe of his ſtudy of plants, and ſo ſafe, that infants may take any of them in a proper doſe.*

TO BE SOLD,

For *One, Two,* or *Three* years credit, giving ſecurity if required:

A valuable tract of land in Craven county, within 12 miles of the King's Tree, containing 1491 acres, and joining lands of Mr. Huggins to the ſouth-eaſt, of Mr. Field on the weſt, and on all other ſides, when run out, on vacant land. Enquire of the printer.

Charles-Town, July 14, 1767.

One hundred pounds reward.

RUN away laſt week from my cowpen, (and took with him a horſe) a ſhort well ſet negro fellow, named BEN: He is upon a yelloviſh or muſtee caſt, very hairy about the legs, and has a down look; is very ſenſible, and was once the property of Hugh Bryan; he is ſuppoſed to have been enticed away to the Creek nation, by one Henry Snap; tho' it is not improbable that he may endeavour to go to North-Carolina, or Eaſt Florida, being well acquainted with moſt parts of the back country, or may attempt to paſs for a free man.—The horſe he took away is branded X, or CE, being the brand of Charles Elliott, Eſq; who bred him, and is very remarkable by having one glaſs eye, white face, and white under the belly up to the ſides to the girthing place.——Whoever will apprehend and deliver the ſaid fellow to Jacob Kittles, at Hardy Dolcatch, on Savannah river, or to the warden of the work houſe, ſhall receive the above reward, from

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

N. B. He has a ſcar over his right or left eye, and is a little round-ſhoulder'd.—The above fellow has lately been ſeen at Saliſbury in North Carolina, ſaid to be on his way to Virginia, but may probably remain there.

RUN away from my plantation, a negro fellow named Berwick, lately belonging to Chalmondely Darling: He is a tall down looking fellow, and very well known in and about Stono pariſh. He has a wife belonging to Mr. John Singleton, at Stono, about which place it is imagined he keeps. Thirty pounds reward will be given to any perſon delivering him to the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town. ROGER PINCKNEY.

William Gibbes

HAS for ſale, choice old Madera, Vidonia and Malaga wine in bottles by the dozen; Jamaica and Weſt India rum by the hogſhead or quarter caſk; and good muſcovado ſugar. [5 w.]

The Subscriber intending to go off the province early next spring, WILL SELL, at public outcry, at the usual place in Charles-Town, on Thursday the 22d day of October inst.

A Very VALUABLE PLANTATION, on the south side of Santee river, containing upwards of *two thousand acres*, having thereon two very large barns, an overseer's house, negro houses, a corn house, stable, and other necessary buildings.——*One hundred acres* of the river swamp are ditch'd in and under extraordinary good banks. About *one hundred acres* more, enclosed swamp, are adjoining, lie very convenient to the barn, will require very little or no ditching, and is esteemed to be exceeding good.—A very large and extensive reservoir, that holds a prodigious quantity of water, is at hand; so that, should the summer be dry, and the spring-tides low, you are at no loss, as you can command plenty from the reservoir.——The remainder of the land back is mostly pine (on which is a great deal of lightwood), and runs on WADDO CREEK (to secure the head of water) near five miles. Said creek divides the above from other lands of the subscriber's, and will be made the dividing line; but a right to the use of the reservoir will be made to the purchaser.

As there are many people who possibly are, or may be, prejudiced by idle report against the above lands not producing crops, unjustly imagining that the land is hurt by the salts, I shall be glad such people will give themselves the trouble to go thither now, and let the present crop of sixty acres of rice, with corn, &c. satisfy them of the truth.

Any person inclinable to purchase the said plantation by private sale, or, as the whole consists of five tracts, as originally run out, if a number of persons should want to purchase the tracts separately. To that the whole may be disposed of, he or they are desired to apply to the subscriber in Charles-Town, before the day of sale, who has a plat of the whole, and will treat upon the most reasonable terms.——Two of the said tracts, lying at the head of the creek, have a good body of fine swamp, supplied with abundance of large cypress, and is capable of being made a fine rice plantation. Any person desirous of seeing the above lands, is desired to apply to Mr. JONAH COLLINS, who will shew it.

SAMPSON NEYLE.

N. B. As soon as the land is disposed of, I purpose to sell fifteen or twenty negroes.

For SALE, ON EASY TERMS,

THirteen hundred acres of land, at Wassamsaw, in two tracts.—Also twelve hundred acres of land in three tracts, situate on the Four hole and Wilkinson's swamp, late the property of Mr. Abraham Dupont, deceased, and are exceeding good for corn, rice, and indico, and in a fine range for stock. [t.f.] BENJ. VILLEPONTOUX.

AN EVENING SCHOOL WAS OPENED, BY,

WILLIAM JOHNSON,

At his house in Union street-Continued, on Monday the 12th instant.

WHERE young gentlemen may be instructed in writing, arithmetic, merchants accompts, and all practical branches of the mathematics.—Those who desire it may likewise be instructed in the rudiments of the English language, together with Geography, and the use of the globes.

ALL persons having any demands against the estate of John Penny, late of St. Bartholomew's parish deceased, are desired to send them in properly attested to me.—And all those indebted to said estate are desired to pay the same to me forthwith, to avoid trouble. HUGH THOMPSON.

STRAYED or stolen from us, at Stono, a large roan horse, about fifteen hands and an half high, bought by us at the vendue of the late Henry Paget, deceased, branded thus HP (all joining) on the mounting shoulder and buttock: Whoever will deliver him to us at Stono, or in town, shall have five pound's reward; but if he is found illegally possessed, the person so offending may expect the severest prosecution. ATKINS & WESTON.

JOseph Marquiss brought before me a grey gelding, about nine years old, twelve and an half hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder JG, and on the buttock of the same side J. The owner must prove his property before

Sept. 21 1767. PHIL. SMITH.

THE subscribers of the St. CECILIA CONCERT, are desired to send to the treasurer of the society for tickets, to admit ladies to a concert the 20th instant.

By order of the president,

ISAAC MOTTE, *Treasurer.*

TO BE SOLD,

A Quantity of rich GENOA VELVET, at the first cost, viz. at £. 7 10 s. per yard, taking a whole piece, or at £. 8, 10 s. by the single yard.—Also, a large quantity of fine India callicoes, at £. 8 per piece. Enquire of THOMAS LOUGHTON SMITH.

IF JOSEPH BROOKES, of Virginia, be in this province, and will apply to the printer of this gazette, within four weeks from this date, he may hear of something considerably to his advantage. *October* 5, 1767.

TO BE SOLD in small tracts and on reasonable terms,

A BARONY of land on the head of Black river in Craven county, the property of Sir William Baker, Nicholas Linwood and Brice Fisher, Esqrs. of London. The soil of this Barony is very fertile, and well adapted to the culture of rice, corn, indico and hemp The plat may be seen in the hands of Mr. James Thomson, deputy surveyor.

And whereas we have received information that several persons have committed trespasses on the said Barony, by making settlements thereon; These are to give notice to all such persons either to become purchasers, or remove from those lands by the first day of May next, on pain of being compelled by law.

Also to be sold in small tracts, very reasonable

ABOUT twelve thousand acres of land, on the head of Cambahee river, known by the name of the Salkatcher barony, the property of the Gentlemen abovementioned. The plat of said barony is now in the hands of Mr. Owen Bowen, who has directions to lay it out in tracts; the swamp on this barony is allowed to be exceeding fine, and there is a sufficiency of very good high-land on each side, proper for corn and indigo, on which commodious settlements may be made. Also,

A part of the barony in Granville county, known by the name of Jasper's barony, adjoining the lands of colonel Heyward, and other settlements on the Euhaws: This plat is to be seen in the hands of Mr. William Maine.—Credit will be given for the above lands, the purchasers paying interest from the day of sale, and giving approved security.

March 18, 1767. PAUL TRAPIER, DAVID DEAS, JOHN DEAS, } *Attornies for Sir W. Baker &c.*

HAns M'Culloch, brot before me a red roan mare, about twelve hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder Z H, and on the off buttock 5 3. The owner must prove his property before PHIL. SMITH.

Sept. 30, 1767.

J. Sarrazin,

JEWELLER,

Has just imported in the LITTLE CARPENTER, *Capt.* MAITLAND, *from* LONDON, *a large* ASSORTMENT *of* JEWELLERY, *of the newest fashion, and of exquisite workmanship, viz.*

GARNET necklaces, ear-rings and aigrets, paste, opal, and marcasite ditto, a great assortment of hair pins and sprigs, jewel'd combs, plain tortoise shell combs, bracelets, bunches of real and mock garnet, beads and bead ear-rings; a great variety of paste shoe buckles of the newest fashion patterns, paste and chrystal knee and stock buckles, diamond, ruby, emerald, saphire, topaz, amethist and hair rings in all fancies, diamond and garnet hoop rings, trinkets of all patterns for ladies watches, gold, mettal, and steel watch chains, pearl and ivory fish and counters, couteaux de chasse and small swords, swivle bitts, ratans loaded, furnished Morocco pocket books, etwee cases, and every article in the jewellery and silver smith's way, may be had at the said shop, at a very low advance, especially for cash.—Motto rings, and all kinds of jewellery, and silver smith's work done as usual in the completest manner, and most money given for old gold, silver and jewels.—In about six weeks he expects a large assortment of plate. [6 w.]

For COWES, and HOLLAND, or KINGSTON, in JAMAICA,

THE brigant. KITTY, burthen about 150 barrels of rice.—One third part of her loading already engaged: for freight of the remainder, or for passage apply to Henry Laurens, or to Magnus Watson, master of the said brigantine, laying at present in the stream, but shall be hawled to any wharf convenient to the shippers.

THE subscriber purposing to pass the ensuing three months at St. Augustine, will leave the plats of the undermentioned tracts of land in the hands of Mr. *Isaac Motte* in *Charles Town*; who will shew them to any person inclinable to purchase the same.

A tract containing upwards of 1200 acres, on the south side of Pon-pon river, about four miles from Parker's ferry; at present occupied by himself, with every useful building necessary for a large rice plantation, lately erected thereon. No other recommendation need be given of the goodness of this land, than a view of the present crop there.

A tract of 500 acres of pine-barren, near the above, and joining Mr. John Izard's plantation, late Jones's.

A tract of 287 acres, lying on the river; where a ferry, established by law, is now kept by one Clements.

He has left the terms of sale for each with Mr. *Motte*, if they should be accepted by any person, will make titles for the land on his return in the latter end of January.

[6 w.] WILLLIAM DRAYTON.

GOOD BOHEA TEA, TO be sold for cash, at thirty shillings a pound, by THOMAS WALTER.

JAMAICA and New-England RUM, Irish Potatoes, Sperma-Cœti candles, apples, onions, &c. imported in the sloop Charles-Town, Capt. Joseph Durfee, just arrived from Rhode Island, to be sold at a store on col. Beale's wharf, by

NATHANIEL RUSSEL.

By order of the Executor,

TO BE SOLD *at public vendue,*

On Wednesday the 28th instant, at the house in Queen-street, now occupied by the Rev. Mr Robert Cooper.

ALL the personal estate of Mr. HENRY PERONNEAU, late of Charles-Town, deceased, consisting of a great variety of household furniture, many useful pieces of plate, china, &c.

Also a small collection of valuable books, and about ten very good house NEGROES. The sale to begin at ten o' clock in the forenoon.

AND

On Thursday the 29th instant,

WILL BE SOLD, *at public vendue,*

At the usual place in Charles-Town, to the highest bidder,

A Tract of land belonging to the said estate, situate on Williamsburg township, containing five hundred acres, butting and bounding (at the time the said tract was granted) south-east on William Tubberville's land, and on all other sides on vacant land.

SAMUEL PERONNEAU, jun. & Co.

AS there is an absolute necessity of closing the affairs of the late copartnership of LLOYD & NEYLE without delay; we the subscribers (that we may be enabled to make due remittances to England this ensuing winter) give this ONLY & POSITIVE ASSURANCE, to those indebted to said co-partnership, that unless they make full payment *before the first day of January next*, they may depend on finding their accompts, notes and bonds in the hands of a lawyer *on that day*, to be sued without distinction or further notice. Those to whom the said copartnership is indebted are requested to bring in their accompts immediately to be settled.

The books of the said copartnership will be kept at the 'compting-house where said Lloyd and Neyle lately kept store where all concerned are desired to call. SAMPSON NEYLE, JOHN LLOYD, } *Administrators.*

JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

ACQUAINT their friends, that they have removed their store, to the new store, almost opposite their old one, between Capt. Lightwood, and Mansell, Corbett & Comp. stores, where they continue to carry on business as usual, and have just imported in Capts. Bull and Rainer, from London, and Sloper from Bristol a very large and compleat assortment of goods, which they will dispose of, to safe hands, very reasonable. [6. w.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ADAM DANIEL, for sundries sold at vendue, (which became due the 26th of last month) and also upon bond or otherwise, are desired to pay the same immediately to either of the subscribers, or they will be under the disagreeably necessity of putting the same in suit without further notice.

WILLIAM LOGAN } *Acting*
JOHN PA_KE, } *Executors.*

WASTE PAPER,

FIT for shops use, to be sold at the printing office in Broad-street.

JUST IMPORTED,

And to be sold very low, at my store in Broad-street

BLUE Kendal cottons, striped linseys, Yorkshire plains and Bearskin, with various other articles, particularly blue and white prrinted linens at 10 s. per yard.

THOMAS WALTER.

To be Sold,

A Young wench, a very good seamstress, and a compleat knitter; the owner having no occasion for her. Inquire of the printer.

To sail with the first of the new crop,

For any of the WEST-INDIA ISLANDS,

The Brigant. NORTON, CHRIST. BROOKES, Master.

A Prime sailer, with very good accommodations for passengers. For freight or passage, treat with said master on board, at Eveleigh's wharf, or

GEORGE SMITH.

STRAYED from Charles-Town, the 22d of July, three horses, viz.

A ROAN, with several brands, not well remembered, one like 53, one like JR in one, with a diamond a-top, and one with a flower de luce; trots and paces.

A GREY, and a BAY, both branded R in one, with a diamond a-top, and are trotters.

They are all chair-horses.—Whoever will deliver them to Mr. Richards at (Rantowle's or) Stono-Bridge, or to the printer hereof, shall receive Twenty Pounds reward.

THERE is a vacancy for schooling one child by the South-Carolina Society.

SAM. PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

I TAKE this method to inform the public, that Mr. James M'Clanechan has a bond of mine for £. 233 pounds, which is paid: all those whom it may concern are desired to regulate themselves accordingly, as I am determined not to pay it again. WILLIAM RAGIN.

JOHN WARD, TAYLOR.;

HAS just imported in the AMERICA, Captain RAINIER, from LONDON;

A Fresh assortment of the best super fine London dress'd BROAD-CLOTHS, as all useful materials for his business; likewise scarlet, crimson, and black super fine plush; the very best of silk and worsted breeches pieces; gold and silver trimmings of all colours, bought upon the best terms by as good a judge as any in England, which enables him to sell much lower than the common advance.—— All Gentlemen may therefore save themselves a great deal of trouble, and prevent having so many different bills for their cloaths, as he can supply them with the cloth as well as with the materials, and have their cloaths made near as cheap as can be sent from England, since he in future fixes the price of a suit of clothes, with all suitable trimmings, from FORTY-FIVE to FIFTY POUNDS currency a suit.—— He likewise cleans GOLD and SILVER LACE.

TO BE SOLD, *at public vendue,*

at the house wherein Elizabeth Colcock lately dwelt, in Dorchester, on Monday the 2d of November,

ALL the estate of the said Elizabeth Colcock, deceased, consisting of negroes, horses, and a variety of household furniture. The condition of the sale is, cash for all sums under twenty pounds, and for all above credit will be given until the first of January next, giving security if required.

All persons having any demands on the said estate are desired to send them in properly attested; and those indebted thereto to make immediate payment, to

STEPHEN CATER, WILLIAM SANDERS. } *Administrators.*

AN overseer who is a single man, well recommended, and capable of managing a plantation where brick making is carried on, is wanted immediately, and may meet with good encouragement

SAM. PRIOLEAU.

TO BE SOLD, *for cash,*

On Tuesday the 2d of November, at the usual place in Charles Town,

THE south-east corner pew, in the church of St. Philip's, belonging to the estate of William Mackenzie, deceased.

SARAH STOUTENBURGH, *Executrix.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

MARTIN LENARD, of the province aforesaid, who is in custody of the provost marshal, upon *mesne process*, at the suit of *Caleb Easton*, having petitioned the honourable the justices of his Majesty's court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of insolvent debtors. *It is ordered*, that the said *Caleb Easton*, and all others to whom the said petitioner is any ways indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have notice, to appear of the usual place of judicature, at the first sitting of the court of Common Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen three months after the publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they can, why the said petitioner should not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, *C. C. P.*

Pleas Office, }
October 12, 1767. }

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WILLIAM WIDDOWS, of the province aforesaid, who is in custody of the provost marshal, by virtue of two writs of *capias ad satisfaciendum*, one at the suit of *George Austin, Henry Laurens* and *George Appleby*, and the other at the suit of *William Guerin*, and likewise by virtue of a writ of *capias ad respondendum*, at the suit of *Robert M'Leod* and *Thomas Rutledge*, having petitioned the honourable the justices of his Majesty's court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of insolvent debtors. *It is ordered*, that the said *George Austin, Henry Laurens, George Appleby, Robert M'Leod, Thomas Rutledge*, and all others to whom the said petitioner is any wise indebted, be and they are hereby summoned, and have notice, to appear of the usual place of judicature, at the first sitting at the court of Common Pleas, or General Sessions, which shall happen three months after the publication hereof, to shew cause, if any they can, why the said petitioner should not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, Sept. 23, 1767.

A YOUNG healthy wench with a good breast of milk to be hired out as a wet nurse. Enquire of the printer.

IN the possession of *James Stobo*, jun. a black gelding, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder thus A M, about 8 years old. Any person claiming the said gelding must prove his property before me, in six months from this time, being Oct. 8, 1767.

JAMES STOBO, *sen. J. P.*

Charles-Town: Printed by Peter Timothy, at the oldest Printing-Office, in Broad-Street, next to the General Post-Office; where Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c. for this Paper are taken in, all Kinds of useful Blanks sold, and all Sorts of Printing-Work is done with Accuracy and Dispatch.